Open-Ended Mutual Fund (Managed by GIB Capital)

Financial Statements
For the Year ended 31 December 2020
Together with the
Independent Auditor's Report to the Unitholders

# GIB SAUDI EQUITY FUND Open-Ended Mutual Fund (Managed by GIB Capital)

Financial Statements
For the year ended 31 December 2020
Together with the Independent Auditor's Report to the Unitholders

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE UNITHOLDERS
GIB OPPORTUNISTIC SAUDI EQUITY FUND
MANAGED BY GIB CAPITAL
Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **GIB OPPORTUNISTIC SAUDI EQUITY FUND** ("the Fund"), being managed by GIB Capital (the "Fund Manager"), which comprise of the financial position as at 31 December 2020 and the statements of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets (Equity) attributable to the unitholders and statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements statement present fairly, in all material respects, the Financial Position of the Fund as at 31 December 2020, and it's financial performance and it's cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements endorsed by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA").

### **Basis for Unqualified Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISA") that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the professional code of conduct and ethics that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia that are relevant to our audit of the Fund's financial statements and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide basis for our opinion.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements endorsed by SOCPA a and the Fund's Terms and Condition and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Fund management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance the Board of Directors, are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.





### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)**

TO THE UNITHOLDERS
GIB OPPORTUNISTIC SAUDI EQUITY FUND
MANAGED BY GIB CAPITAL

Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an audit report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISA that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our audit report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in manner that achieves fair presentation.

(member firm of PKF International)



## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)**

TO THE UNITHOLDERS
GIB OPPORTUNISTIC SAUDI EQUITY FUND
MANAGED BY GIB CAPITAL

Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

For and on behalf of Al Bassam & Co.

Ibratim A. A. Bassam Crtified Fiblic Accountant Registration No. 337 مولسون فالمركان معاسون فالمركون رقم الترفيم التركيم C.R.1010385804

Al-Bassam & Co.

Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

17 Sha'aban 1442 H 30 March 2021

# **Open-Ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by GIB Capital)

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2020

(Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

	Note	31 December 2020	31 December 2019
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalent	6	1,119,762	449,025
Investments carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL)	7	37,799,930	33,296,667
Total assets		38,919,692	33,745,692
LIABILITIES			
Management fees payable	11	55,022	38,756
Accrued Expenses		173,093	94,881
Total liabilities	•	228,115	133,637
Net assets (equity) attributable to the Unit holders		38,691,577	33,612,055
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNIT HOLDERS:			
Class A		-	_
Class B		2,680,296	2,247,883
Class C		36,011,281	31,364,172
		38,691,577	33,612,055
UNITS IN ISSUE (number):	8		
Class A			_
Class B		194,982.94	185,634.95
Class C		2,517,100.61	2,523,132.34
		2,712,083.55	2,708,767.29
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO EACH UNIT:			
Class A		-	-
Class B		13.75	12.11
Class C		14.31	12.43

# Open-Ended Mutual Fund

(Managed by GIB Capital)

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

	Note	2020	2019
Investment Income			
Net gain from investments carried at FVPL	9	4,699,786	4,374,451
Dividend Income		710,727	1,025,995
		5,410,513	5,400,446
Expenses			
Management fees	11	(193,342)	(158,834)
Custody fees		(47,467)	(36,000)
Other expenses	10	(127,800)	(111,292)
		(368,609)	(306,126)
Net income for the year		5,041,904	5,094,320
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	
Total Comprehensive income for the year		5,041,904	5,094,320

Open-Ended Mutual Fund

(Managed by GIB Capital)

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (EQUITY) ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

	2020	2019
Net assets (equity) attributable to the Unit holders at the beginning of the year	33,612,055	31,343,626
Total comprehensive income for the year	5,041,904	5,094,320
contributions and redemptions by the unitholders		
Issuance of units		
Class A	_	-
Class B	139,630	2,200,480
Class C	70,000	100,000
	209,630	2,300,480
Redemption of units	,	* 2
Class A	_	-
Class B	(11,984)	(5,087,312)
Class C	(160,028)	(39,059)
	(172,012)	(5,126,371)
Net changes from unit transactions	37,618	(2,825,891)
Net assets (equity) attributable to the Unit holders at end of the year	38,691,577	33,612,055

**Open-Ended Mutual Fund** (Managed by GIB Capital)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

	Note	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income for the year Adjustments for:		5,041,904	5,094,320
Unrealized gains on investments carried at FVPL	9	(2,741,370)	(1,847,643)
		2,300,534	3,246,677
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Investments carried at FVPL		(1,761,893)	(1,409,544)
Management fees payable		16,266	(15,417)
Accrued expenses		78,212	20,699
Net cash from operating activities		633,119	1,842,415
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of units		209,630	2,300,480
Redemptions of the units		(172,012)	(5,126,371)
Net cash from / (used in) financing activities		37,618	(2,825,891)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		670,737	(983,476)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		449,025	1,432,501
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	-	1,119,762	449,025

# **Open-ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by GIB Capital)

Notes to the financial statements For the Year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

#### 1 FUND AND ITS ACTIVITIES

The GIB Opportunistic Saudi Equity Fund ("the Fund") is an open-ended equity fund investing in Shariah-compliant Saudi equities. Established and managed by GIB Capital ("Fund Manager"), a one-person company incorporated under the laws of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, under Commercial Registration No. 1010244294 dated 06/02/1429 H. and the CMA's license No. 07078-37.

The fund aims to achieve medium to long-term capital growth by investing in Saudi equities listed on the Saudi stock market or the Saudi equities market (Nomu) in accordance with Islamic Sharia'a.

The units of the Fund are divided into three categories of units A, B and C as follows:

- A. It is the largest institutional and individual investors.
- B. It is a small-investor, institutional and individual investor.
- C. Namely related to the Fund Manager, Gulf International Bank and the Investment Advisor of the Fund Manager and Gulf International Bank.

In dealing with the Unitholders, the Fund Manager considers the Fund as an independent accounting unit. Accordingly, the Fund Management prepares a separate Financial Statement for the Fund. The management of the Fund is the responsibility of the Fund Manager. However, in accordance with the Fund's Agreement, the Fund Manager can delegate or assign its duties to one or more of the financial institutions in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and overseas.

The Fund Manager and administrator of the Fund is GIB Capital. The Custodian of the fund is Albilad Capital.

Date of approval of the Capital Market Authority for the establishment of the fund and the offering of its units: December 21, 2017.

#### 2 REGULATING AUTHORITY

The Fund is governed by the Investment Fund Regulations (the "Regulations") issued by Capital Market Authority (CMA) on 3 Dhul Hijja 1427H (corresponding to 24 December 2006), which was amended on 16 Shaban 1437 (corresponding to 23 May 2016), detailing requirements for all funds within the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

#### 3 BASIS OF PREPARATION

### 3.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) that are as endorsed in Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements endorsed by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA").

### 3.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, using accrual basis of accounting except for the investments carried at fair value through profit or loss at fair value. The fund presents its statement of financial position in the order of liquidity.

# Open-ended Mutual Fund

(Managed by GIB Capital)

Notes to the financial statements For the Year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

### 3 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

### 3.3 Functional and Presentation Currency

Items included in these financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). These financial statements are presented in Saudi Arabian Riyals (SAR) which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

#### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into SAR using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of transactions. Foreign currency assets and liabilities are translated into SAR using the exchange rates prevailing at date of the statement of financial position. Foreign exchange gains and losses, if any, arising from translation are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

#### 3.4 Critical accounting judgments, estimates and assumption

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next accounting period, are described below. The Fund based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Fund. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

### **Going Concern**

The Fund Manager of the Fund has made an assessment of the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern and is satisfied that the Fund has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, the management is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern.

#### 4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 4.1 New standards, interpretations and amendments

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those used and disclosed in the annual financial statements of the Fund for the year ended 31 December 2019. There are new standards, amendments and interpretations apply for the first time in 2020, but do not have an impact on the financial statements of the Fund.

There are other several amendments and interpretations that are issued, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements. In the opinion of the Fund's Board, these will have no significant impact on the financial statements of the Fund. The Fund intends to adopt those amendments and interpretations, if applicable.

# **Open-ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by GIB Capital)

Notes to the financial statements For the Year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

# 4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- 4.1 New standards, interpretations and amendments (continued)
- 4.1.1 New standards, amendments to standards and interpretations

### <u>Amendments</u>

A number of new amendments to standards, enlisted below, are effective this year but they do not have a material effect on the Company's Financial Statements, except for where referenced below.

New amendments to standards issued and applied effective January 1, 2020

Amendments to standard	Description	Effective for annual years beginning on or after	Summary of the amendment
IAS 1 and IAS 8	Definition of material	January 1, 2020	The amendments provided a new definition of material and clarified that materiality will depend on the nature or magnitude of information, either individually or in combination with other information, in the context of the financial statements.
IFRS 3	Definition of business	January 1, 2020	The amendment clarifies that to be considered a business, an integrated set of activities and assets must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that, together, significantly contribute to the ability to create output. Furthermore, it clarifies that a business can exist without including all of the inputs and processes needed to create outputs.
Revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting	Amendments to references Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards and updated definitions and recognition criteria for assets and liabilities and clarifies some important concepts.	January 1, 2020	The revised Conceptual Framework includes some new concepts, updated definitions and recognition criteria for assets and liabilities and clarifies some important concepts.

# **Open-ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by GIB Capital)

Notes to the financial statements For the Year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

# 4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.1 New standards, interpretations and amendments (continued)

# 4.1.2 New standards, amendments and revised IFRS issued but not yet effective

The Fund has not applied the following new and revised IFRSs and amendments to IFRS that have been issued but are not yet effective.

Amendments to standard	Description	Effective for annual years beginning on or after	Summary of the amendment
IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2	January 1, 2021	These amendments modify specific hedge accounting requirements to allow hedge accounting to continue for affected hedges during the period of uncertainty before the hedged items or hedging instruments affected by the current interest rate benchmarks are amended as a result of the on-going interest rate benchmark reforms. The amendments also introduce new disclosure requirements to IFRS 7 for hedging relationships that are subject to the exceptions introduced by the amendments to IFRS 9.
IAS 37	Onerous Contracts Cost of Fulfilling Contract	January 1, 2022	The amendments specify that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract. These amendments apply to contracts for which the entity has not yet fulfilled all its obligations at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the amendments.
IFRS 16, IFRS 9, IAS 41 and IFRS 1	Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020	January 1, 2022	IFRS 16: The amendment removes the illustration of the reimbursement of leasehold improvements IFRS 9: The amendment clarifies that in applying the '10 per cent' test to assess whether to derecognize a financial liability, an entity includes only fees paid or received between the entity (the borrower) and the lender. The amendment is to be applied prospectively to modifications and exchanges that occur on or after the date the entity first applies the amendment. IAS 41: The amendment removes the requirement in IAS 41 for entities to exclude cash flows for taxation when measuring fair value. IFRS 1: The amendment provides additional relief to a subsidiary which becomes a first-time adopter later than its parent in respect of accounting for cumulative translation difference.

# **Open-ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by GIB Capital)

Notes to the financial statements For the Year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

## 4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 4.1 New standards, interpretations and amendments (continued)

### 4.1.2 New standards, amendments and revised IFRS issued but not yet effective (continued

The Fund has not applied the following new and revised IFRSs and amendments to IFRS that have been issued but are not yet effective.

Amendments to standard	Description	Effective for annual years beginning on or after	Summary of the amendment
IFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework	January 1, 2022	The amendment as a whole updated IFRS 3 so that it refers to the 2018 Conceptual Framework instead of the 1989 Framework.
IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non- current	January 1, 2023	The amendment has clarified what is meant by a right to defer settlement, that a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period, that classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right and that only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument the terms of a liability would not impact its classification
Amendment to IFRS 10 and IAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	N/A	The amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 deal with situations where there is a sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. Specifically, the amendments state that gains or losses resulting from the loss of control of a subsidiary.

Management anticipates that these new standards interpretations and amendments will be adopted in the Company's financial statements as and when they are applicable and adoption of these interpretations and amendments may have no material impact on the financial statements of the Fund in the period of initial application.

#### 4.2 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalent consists cash in investments account and murabaha deposits with an original maturity of less than three months at the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at amortized cost in the statement of financial position.

# **Open-ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by GIB Capital)

Notes to the financial statements For the Year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

### 4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 4.3 Financial instruments

#### 4.3.1 Classification and measurement of financial assets

#### Equity instruments

Equity instruments are instruments that meet the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective; that is, instruments that do not contain a contractual obligation to pay and that evidence a residual profit in the issuer's net assets.

The Fund classifies its financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL). The Fund subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value through profit or loss, except where the Fund Manager has elected, at initial recognition, to irrevocably designate an equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income. The Fund's policy is to designate equity investments as FVOCI when those investments are held for purposes other than to trade.

When this election is used, fair value gains and Losses are recognized in OCI and are not subsequently reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income, including on disposal. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) are not reported separately from other changes in fair value. Dividends, when representing a return on such investments, continue to be recognized in the statement of comprehensive income when the Fund's right to receive payments is established.

# 4.3.2 Impairment of financial assets

The Fund assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit loss ("ECL") associated with its financial instrument assets carried at amortized cost. The Fund recognizes a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date. The measurement of ECL reflects:

- An unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- The time value of resources; and

Reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

### 4.3.3 Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized where the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset, or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a pass-through arrangement and the Fund has:

- (a) Transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset or
- (b) Neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Fund has transferred its right to receive cash flows from an asset (or has entered into a pass-through arrangement), and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Fund's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the Fund also recognized an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Fund has retained. The Fund recognized a financial liability when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired.

# **Open-ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by GIB Capital)

Notes to the financial statements For the Year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

### 4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 4.3 Financial instruments (continued)

#### 4.3.4 Financial liabilities

The Fund classifies its financial liabilities at amortized cost unless it has designated liabilities at FVPL. The Fund derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire.

#### 4.4 Trade date accounting

A regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized / derecognized on the trade date (i.e. the date that the fund commits to purchase or sell the assets). Regular way purchases or sales are purchase or sales of financial assets that require settlement of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

#### 4. 5 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 4. 6 Accrued expenses

Accrued expenses are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective profit rate method.

#### 4.7 Provision

A provision is recognized when the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provision is not recognized for future operating loss.

#### 4.8 Redeemable units

The Fund is open for subscriptions / redemptions with a "cutoff" Sunday and Tuesday (each day a "Dealing Day"). The net asset value of the Fund's portfolio is determined on Monday and Wednesday (each a "Valuation Day"). The net asset value of the Fund for the purpose of subscription / redemption of units is determined by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund (fair value of the Fund's assets minus the Fund's liabilities) by the total number of the Fund's units outstanding on the relevant valuation day.

The Fund classifies its redeemable units as an equity instrument if the redeemable units have all of the following features:

- It entitles the holder to a pro rata share of the Fund's net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation.
- The instrument is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments.
- All financial instruments in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments have identical features.
- The instrument does not include any contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the holder's rights to a pro rata shares of the Fund's net assets.
- The total expected cash flows attributable to the instrument over the life of the instrument are based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognized net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognized and unrecognized net assets of the Fund over the life of the instrument.

The subscription and related of redeemable units are accounted for as equity transactions as long as units are classified as equity.

# **Open-ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by GIB Capital)

Notes to the financial statements For the Year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

### 4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 4. 9 Zakat/Taxation

Taxation/zakat is the obligation of the unitholders and therefore, no provision for such liability is made in these financial statements.

#### 4. 10 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding discounts, taxes and rebates.

# 4.11 Net gain or loss on financial assets and liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss ("FVPL")

Net gains or losses on financial assets and liabilities at FVPL are changes in the fair value of financial assets held for trading or designated upon initial recognition as at FVPL and exclude interest and dividend income and expenses.

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the year and from reversal of the prior period's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments which were realised in the reporting period. Realised gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified as at FVPL are calculated using the weighted average cost method. They represent the difference between an instrument's initial

carrying amount and disposal amount, or cash payments or receipts made on derivative contracts (excluding payments or receipts on collateral margin accounts for such instruments).

#### 4.12 Dividend income

Dividend income, if any is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income on the date on which the right to receive the payment for dividend is established. For quoted equity securities, this is usually the ex-dividend date. Dividend income from equity securities designated as at FVTPL, is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income in a separate line item.

#### 4.13 Management fees

Management fee is calculated at rate mentioned in terms and conditions of the Fund and is payable quarterly in arrears.

#### 4.14 Other expenses

Other expenses are charged at rates / amounts within limits mentioned in terms and conditions of the Equity Fund.

### 4.15 Net asset value per unit

The net asset value per unit as disclosed in the statement of financial position is calculated by dividing the net assets of the fund by the number of units outstanding at year end

# **Open-ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by GIB Capital)

Notes to the financial statements For the Year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

### 5 MANAGEMENT FEE, ADMINISTRATION AND OTHER CHARGES

The Fund Manager charges the management fees for categories A, B and C at 1%, 1.75% and 0.5% per annum respectively of the net asset value of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis and payable on a quarterly basis. The Fund Manager also reimburses the Fund for any other expenses which are paid on behalf of the Fund, such as custodian fees of 0.03% as maximum per annum of the net asset value of the Fund and transaction fees of SR 30 as maximum per transaction.

### 6 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT

	Notes	31 December 2020	31 December 2019
Cash in investment account	6.1	1,119,762	449,025
		1,119,762	449,025

6.1 Cash in investment account are held in investment account with Al-Bilad Capital. The Fund does not earn profit on these investment accounts.

### 7 INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FVPL

The Fund invests primarily in equity of listed Saudi companies. The market value of trading investment portfolio by sector wise is summarized as follows:

	31 December	31 December
	2020	2019
Sectors	Market	Market
Sectors	Value	Value
Materials	7,687,592	6,785,545
Banks	7,463,804	10,367,402
Telecommunication Services	5,065,390	1,632,950
Real Estate	3,595,259	475,290
Insurance	2,247,345	1,297,073
Utilities	1,998,558	-
Transportation	1,917,306	2,712,738
Consumer Services	1,686,995	1,738,269
Health Care	1,610,322	1,687,894
Energy	1,395,220	2,511,915
Commercial & Professional Service	1,348,657	1,145,647
Retailing	891,815	1,007,405
Food & Beverages	891,667	1,069,316
Capital Goods	-	319,220
Consumer Durables & Apparel	-	546,003
Total Market value	37,799,930	33,296,667
Total cost	35,058,560	31,449,023

# **Open-ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by GIB Capital)

Notes to the financial statements For the Year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

### 8 UNIT TRANSACTIONS

Transactions in units for the year are summarized as follows:

	2020	2019
	(Units in numbers)	
Units at the beginning of the year	2,708,767.28	2,967,203.85
Units issued during the year		
Class A	-	
Class B	10,230.93	185,634.95
Class C	5,721.84	8,416.10
	15,952.77	194,051.05
Units redeemed during the year		
Class A	-	-
Class B	(882.93)	(449,175.07)
Class C	(11,753.57)_	(3,312.54)
	(12,636.50)	(452,487.61)
Net change in units	3,316.27	(258,436.56)
Units at the end of the year	2,712,083.55	2,708,767.29

# 9 NET GAINS FROM INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FVPL

	2020	2019
Realized gains from sale of investments carried at FVPL	1,958,416	2,526,808
Unrealized gains from revaluation of investments carried at FVPL	2,741,370	1,847,643
	4,699,786	4,374,451

### 10 OTHER EXPENSES

	<u>Notes</u>	2020	2019
Board of directors fees	11	25,067	25,000
Transaction fees		8,340	8,250
VAT expenses		27,959	11,778
Other expenses		66,434	66,264
		127,800	111,292

**Open-ended Mutual Fund** 

(Managed by GIB Capital)

Notes to the financial statements For the Year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

### 11 TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCE WITH RELATED PARTY

Related parties of the Fund include "GIB Capital" being the Fund Manager, (GIB Bank being the shareholder of GIB Capital) and Board of Directors.

In the ordinary course of its activities, the Fund transacts business with related parties. All related party transactions are approved by the Fund Board of Director.

The significant related party transactions entered into by the Fund during the period and the balances resulting from such transactions are as follows:

Related Nature of Party transactions		Amount of transaction during the year		Closing balance (Payable)	
	2020	2019	31 December 2020	31 December 2019	
GIB Capital	Management fees Board of Directors	(193,342)	(158,834)	(55,022)	(38,756)
	Fees Accrued VAT*	(25,067) (20,168)	(25,000) (7,942)	(25,066) (8,253)	(24,999) (1,938)

<sup>\*</sup>Accrued VAT to related party is included in the financial position under Accrued expenses.

# 12 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

31 December 2020 Assets as per statement of financial position	Amortized cost	FVPL
Cash and cash equivalent Investments carried at FVPL	1,119,762	- 37,799,930
Total	1,119,762	37,799,930
31 December 2019 Assets as per statement of financial position	Amortized cost	FVPL
Cash and cash equivalent Investments carried at FVPL	449,025	33,296,667
Total	449,025	33,296,667

All financial liabilities as at 31 December 2020, (31 December 2019) were classified as financial liabilities carried at amortized cost.

# **Open-ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by GIB Capital)

Notes to the financial statements For the Year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

#### 13 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### 13.1 Financial risk factors

The objective of the Funds is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide optimum returns to its Unit Holders and to ensure reasonable safety to the Unit Holders.

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and operational risk.

The Fund Manager is responsible for identifying and controlling risks. The Fund Board supervises the Fund Manager and is ultimately responsible for the overall management of the Fund.

Monitoring and controlling risks is primarily set up to be performed based on the limits established by the Fund Board. The Fund has its Terms and Conditions document that set out its overall business strategies, its tolerance of risks and its general risk management philosophy and is obliged to take actions to rebalance the portfolio in line with the investment guidelines.

The Fund uses different methods to measure and manage the various types of risk to which it is exposed; these methods are explained below.

#### (a) Market risk

#### (i) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the value of the Fund's financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices caused by factors other than foreign currency and commission rate movements.

The price risk arises primarily from uncertainty about the future prices of financial instruments that the Fund holds. The Fund Manager diversifies the investment portfolio and closely monitors the price movement of its investments in financial instruments. As of the statement of financial position date, Fund has equity investments.

# **Open-ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by GIB Capital)

Notes to the financial statements For the Year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

### 13 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## 13.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

# (a) Market risk

The effect on the net assets value (as a result of the change in the fair value of investments as at 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019) due to a reasonably possible change in equity indices based on the industry concentration, with all other variables held constants is as follows:

	31 December 2020		31 December 2019	
	Potential reasonable change %	Effect on NAV	Potential reasonable change %	Effect on NAV
Materials	1%	76,876	1%	67,855
Banks	1%	74,638	1%	103,674
Telecommunication Services	1%	50,654	1%	16,330
Real Estate	1%	35,953	1%	4,753
Insurance	1%	22,473	1%	12,971
Utilities	1%	19,986	1%	_
Transportation	1%	19,173	1%	27,127
Consumer Services	1%	16,870	1%	17,383
Health Care	1%	16,103	1%	16,879
Energy	1%	13,952	1%	25,119
Commercial & Professional Service	1%	13,487	1%	11,456
Retailing	1%	8,918	1%	10,074
Food & Beverages	1%	8,917	1%	10,693
Capital Goods	1%	-	1%	3,192
Consumer Durables & Apparel	1%	-	1%	5,460

### (ii) Commission rate risk

Commission rate risk is the risk that the value of the future cash flows of a financial instrument or fair values of fixed coupon financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market commission rates.

### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Fund is exposed to credit risk for its cash and cash equivalent and receivables. Bank balances are deposited in investment account in Albilad Capital which is Bank with good financial rating.

The following table shows the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk for components of the statement of financial position.

	31 December 2020	31 December 2019
Cash and cash equivalent	1,119,762	449,025

# **Open-ended Mutual Fund**

(Managed by GIB Capital)

Notes to the financial statements For the Year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

### 13 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### 13.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund's terms and conditions provide for subscription and redemption of units on Sunday and Tuesday, therefore, exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting unitholder redemptions on these days. The Fund's financial liabilities primarily consist of payables which are expected to be settled within one month from the statement of financial position date.

The Fund Manager monitors liquidity requirements by ensuring that sufficient funds are available to meet any commitments as they arise, either through new subscriptions, liquidation of the investment portfolio or by taking short term loans from the Fund Manager.

The expected maturity of the assets and liabilities of the Fund is less than 12 months.

#### (d) Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a variety of causes associated with the processes, technology and infrastructure supporting the Fund's activities either internally or externally at the Fund's service provider and from external factors other than credit, liquidity, currency and market risks such as those arising from the legal and regulatory requirements.

The Fund's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance limiting of financial losses and damage to its reputation with achieving its investment objective of generating returns to unitholders.

#### 13.2 Fair value estimation

The fair value for financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the financial reporting date. Instruments for which no sales was reported on the valuation day are valued at the most recent bid price.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The carrying value less impairment provision of financial instruments curried at amortized cost are assumed to approximate their fair values.

Open-ended Mutual Fund

(Managed by GIB Capital)

Notes to the financial statements For the Year ended 31 December 2020 (Amounts in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

### 13 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 13.2 Fair value estimation (continued)

The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and are therefore classified within Level 1, include active listed equity and debt instruments. The Fund does not adjust the quoted price for these instruments.

Fund classifies all of its financial assets except for those carried at amortized cost, at fair value as level 1.

### 14 LAST VALUATION DAY

The last valuation day of the year was 31 December 2020 (31 December 2019).

#### 15 COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures for the year ended December 31, 2019 have been reclassified to conform with the presentation for the current year.

## 16 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Dated March 1, 2021, the CMA announced the approval of amendments to the Investment Funds Regulations and Real Estate Investment Funds Regulations and Glossary of Defined Terms Used in the Regulation (the "Amendments") with an effective date of May 1, 2021. As of the date of approval of these financial statements, the Fund Manager is assessing the Amendments' impact on the Fund's financial statements.

### 17 APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Fund Manager on 25 March 2021 (corresponding to 12 Sha'ban 1442 H